Enjoyable Reading

- 100 Key Sentence Patterns -

読んで身につく基本文型100

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PREFACE

Dear Students,

English study can and should be **enjoyable**. Enjoyable does not mean that you should focus only on fun and do no work. On the contrary, it's important for you to learn basic vocabulary and master key sentence patterns. After all, the purpose of language study is to develop your communication skills. Communication is rewarding because it allows you to exchange ideas, information and opinions with native and non-native English speakers.

While the concept of **Enjoyable Reading** is exciting, it represents a challenge for teachers. My colleague Professor Shuichi Takeda and I have worked long and hard to create a textbook which, we hope, will make you enjoy your English study. Contrary to recent teaching trends which emphasize speaking and listening, we stress reading. From experience, we both believe that reading can strengthen your communication skills. Please let me explain.

Reading opens new horizons. It is interesting, informative and inspiring. It allows you to discover the past, explore the present and think about the future. Furthermore, you can read at your own speed. You can slow down and review the material you like, or speed up and skip over sections that don't interest you.

Professor Takeda and I are convinced that reading helps improve your communication skills in three important ways. First of all, it increases your vocabulary. Second, it gives you sentence patterns that you can copy and use in conversation. Third, it provides you with interesting topics that you can discuss with other people.

We have incorporated this "three-fold approach" in our new textbook. In each chapter, we introduce useful vocabulary and key sentence patterns. To help you master this information, we have included a variety of practice exercises. In the reading passages, we present interesting, real-life topics that you can discuss with your friends.

Professor Takeda and I decided that the title of our new book should be **Enjoyable Reading**. We believe that English study can and should be enjoyable, so please enjoy.

Sincerely yours,

Dr. Joan McConnell

本書の使い方

多くの教科書がある中で、本書と良きご縁ができましたことを、まずはお祝い申し上げ、 大切なテキストとしてご活用いただけることを、心から感謝申し上げます。

本書は皆様の英語学習の友として、必ず強い味方になれると確信いたしております。

英語の名文を楽しく読みながら、英語の基本文型100が、しっかり身につくように様々な工夫を練習問題に盛り込みました。

以下に示す各項目のねらいや目標を、しっかり頭に入れてご活用いただくと、一層学習効果が上がると思います。

(1) Key Sentence Patterns

本書で扱う重要な基本文型 100が、短文の中でよく理解できるよう用いられ、各章で $6\sim7$ の基本構文が本文と dialogue の中で運用されています。

- * Minimal Phrases で覚える重要単熟語 重要単語がごく短い句で、印象深く覚えられるよう工夫されています。 大いに活用し、重要単語をしっかり覚えましょう。
- ② Reading Passage 読みやすい名文です。何回も音読し、英文を読む楽しさを味わって下さい。
- ③ Comprehension Questions本文を読んだ直後に、その内容をどのくらい理解しているかをチェックできます。
- ④ Guided Summary 本文の内容が簡潔に要約された名文です。空所を適語で補充後、音読してみると、本文の主旨が確認され、以後の練習問題を解くのにも役立ちます。
- ⑤ Dialogue 基本文型が生き生きした対話の中で効率よく使われています。まず CD をよく聴き、 Shadowing, Role Playing を繰り返すと、基本文型がしっかり身に付きます。 Shadowingや Role Playing の方法については、ご担当の先生のご指示に従ってください。
- ⑥ Oral Composition 本文で習った重要構文が口頭で言えるかどうかを確かめましょう。まず日本語を読んで、その内容を英語で言ってみましょう。次に英文の音声をきいて正しい表現を確認してください。
- ⑦ Essential Basic Sentence Patterns 各章で学んだ基本文型が身に付いたかどうかを、語順整序で確かめられます。まず日本 語を読んだ瞬間に、自然と英語が言えるかどうか試してから、語順整序を行ってください。
- 8 Phrase Reading この訓練は、英文をその流れに沿って理解していく方法として役立ちます。 この方法を続けると、英文を読む楽しさが実感できるようになります。
- * Coffee Break リラックスして英語の雑学を楽しんでください。
- * Proverb proverb には人類の英知が凝縮されています。新進気鋭のイラストレイター 柳田侑子さんのイラストを楽しみながら、人生の知恵を学んで下さい。
- * LINGUAPORTA と連携 このテキストは LINGUAPORTA とよく連携していますので、テキスト各章で学ぶ重 要単熟語、基本文型、基礎文法、カタカナ英語等が、各章ごとに効率よくテンポよく予 習・復習できます。テストの準備にも役立ちます、ぜひご活用下さい。

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Chapter

1

A Lesson from Bhutan



Children in Bhutai

Key Sentence Patterns

I-01

00

 $(1)\sim(3)$ (Reading) $(4)\sim(6)$ (Dialogue)

- Pattern I Are you happy with this part-time job? あなたはこのアルバイトに満足してますか?
- Pattern 2 This is a very important task. これは極めて重要な任務です。
- Pattern 3 What's their goal? 彼らの目標は何ですか?
- Pattern 4 What makes you think so? 何があなたをそう考えさせるのですか? ⇒ あなたはなぜそう考えるのですか?
- Pattern 5 You have to be proud of your university. あなたは自分の大学を誇りに思うべきです。
- Pattern 6 I think you will like it. お気に召すと思います。

= Minimal Phrasesで覚える重要単熟語 =

- 1. 3 **upscale**........... an **upscale** apartment (**高級な**「上流階級向けの」マンション)
- 1. 5 statistics statistics on birth (出産統計)
- 1. 8 **survey** a **survey** of public opinion (世論調査)
- 1.14 **environment** ... pollution of the **environment** (**環境**汚染)
- 1.16 material material culture (物質文化)
- 1.17 as the old saying goes = as the proverb says (goes, runs) (ことわざにあるとおり)

2 Reading Passage 🔑 1-02 🚾 02

Are you happy? Please don't think that I am getting too personal, but **this** is an important question. Today many people think that money is the key to happiness. Some want a larger house or a more upscale lifestyle. Others want a bigger salary or more money in their bank account. Money is important, but statistics show that poor people are often happier than their rich neighbors.

Let's look at the case of Bhutan, a tiny kingdom which borders on India and Tibet. The country is poor, but the citizens are proud of their culture and attached to their Buddhist values. A recent survey lists Bhutan as the happiest country in Asia and the eighth happiest country in the world! **What is** the secret?

10

15

According to the kings of Bhutan, the key to happiness is quality of life. In their opinion, a good government must provide every citizen with food to eat, a place to live, and clothing to wear. In addition, citizens must learn about their cultural traditions, protect the environment, build spiritual values, and respect other people.

This combination of material, cultural and spiritual values improves the quality of life and makes people happier. As the old saying goes, you can't buy happiness.

So the next time you are feeling sad, remember this lesson from Bhutan.

3 Comprehension Questions (T/F) ♣ 1-03

本文の内容に合っている文にはTを、合っていない文にはFを()内に記入しなさい。

- 1. () The people in Bhutan are happy although they are poor.
- 2. () According to the kings of Bhutan, economic development is the key to happiness.
- 3. () The combination of material, cultural and spiritual values promotes happiness.

4 Guided Summary 👸 1-04

次の英文は本文を要約したものです。(1)から(10)の空所に、下のA~Jから適語を選んで記入し文を完成しなさい。

Som	ne people t	hink that n	noney is the	(1)	, but	statistics		
seen	n to (2)		that poor pe	ople are often	happier th	an their		
rich	(3)	•						
Take, for example, Bhutan, a tiny (4) which (5)						on		
India and Tibet. The people are poor but (6) of their traditions								
According to a recent (7), Bhutan is the happiest country in Asia								
and the eighth happiest country in the world.								
The kings of Bhutan believe that (8) of life is the key. A good								
government (9) economic development and also encourages								
(10) and spiritual values.								
	A. borders	B. cultural	C. kev	D.kingdom	E. neighbo	ors		
				I. stimulates				

5 Dialogue 🕝 1-05 🚾 03

付属のCDで、下の会話文が次の順序で練習できます。

Listening ⇒ Shadowing ⇒ Role Playing (役割を交互に)

Yuka talks to her friend Jason about an article on happiness.

Yuka: I just read an interesting article about Bhutan. Did you know that it's the happiest country in Asia?

Jason: Awesome! What's their secret?

Yuka: Well, their king says that money isn't the key to happiness.

Jason: And so what makes people happy?

Yuka: First, they **have to be proud of** their traditions. Then they must protect the environment and respect other people.

Jason: Sounds good to me. **I think** we all could learn this lesson from Bhutan.

6	Oral Comp	oosition	€D I-06				
	D日本語を英語で言っ すばらしい!かれら		?				
2.	Awesome! Wh それで、なぜみんな		_	?			
3.	And				?		
4.	First, they 私にも素敵に思える					·	
	Sounds	me	e. I			could	
	thi	S		Bhuthn.			
_	本文を参考にして語順 tern T 日本文化に原			Japanese / ar	re / cultum	e / interested]? ?	
Pat	Pattern 2 鈴木さん、こちらは、私の友人のオバマさんです。 [Mr. Obama / friend / this / my / is / Mr.Suzuki / , / ,].						
Pat	Pattern 3 何を考えているの? [on / mind / what's / your]?						
Pat	tern 4 あなたはな・	ぜそう思うのですカ	? [makes	/ you / wha	at / so / t	hink]? ?	
Pat	tern 5 私はそろそろ	ら帰宅しなくてはな	りません。[to / I / hom	e / have	/ go / soon].	
Pat	tern 6 お気に召す。	とおもいます。 [w	ill / it / thi	nk / you / 1	ike / I] .		

8 Phrase Reading 🔑 1-08

日本文の意味のかたまりに従って、英文にスラッシュ(/)を入れなさい。次にPhrase Readingの音声を聴き、区切りごとにその意味を即日本語で言ってみましょう。最後に日本文の意味のかたまりを、順次英語で言ってみましょう。

- 1. ある人達は思っています/ お金は重要なものだと/ しかし統計は証明しているようです/ 貧しい人たちは多くはより幸せなのだと/ かれらの裕福な隣国の人たちよりも。
 - Some people think money is the key, but statistics seem to prove that poor people are often happier than their rich neighbors.
- 2. 例をあげると/ ブータンは、小さな王国です/ インドとチベットと境を接する/ その人々は貧しいのです/ しかし誇りを持っています、自国の伝統に。
 - Take, for example, Bhutan, a tiny kingdom which borders on India and Tibet. The people are poor but proud of their traditions.
- 3. 最近の統計によれば/ブータンは最も幸せな国です/アジアで/そして8番目に幸せな国です/世界で。

According to a recent survey, Bhutan is the happiest country in Asia and the eighth happiest country in the world.

Coffee Break

街頭で目にするものを英語で何と言うか。

信号機 traffic light 横断歩道 pedestrian crossing 改札口 public lavatory ticket gate 公衆トイレ 交差点 intersection 公衆電話 public telephone 歩 道 pavement 自動販売機 vending machine ATM (automatic teller 車 道 roadway 現金自動受払機

machineの頭文字)

vend:売る teller: 銀行の金銭出納係り(窓口)

Proverb

Time is money.

時は金なり

